

Current Transducer LAH 50-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed ..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

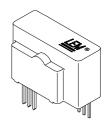


Electrical data



Primary nominal r.m.s. current 50 Α I_{PN} Primary current, measuring range 1) 0..110 $T_{A} = 70^{\circ}C \mid T_{A} = 85^{\circ}C$ R_{M} Measuring resistance @ $R_{M \min} R_{M \max} R_{M \min} R_{M \max}$ 0 221 214 with ± 12 V @ **I**_{PN} [± A _{DC}] Ω @ I_{PN} [A_{RMS}] 2) 115 108 Ω @ I_{PN} [± A_{DC}] @ I_{PN} [A_{RMS}]²⁾ with ± 15 V 0 335 0 327 Ω 195 188 0 Ω Secondary nominal r.m.s. current 25 mΑ Conversion ratio 1:2000 Supply voltage (± 5 %) ± 12 .. 15 V Current consumption $10 (@ \pm 15V) + I_s mA$ R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 mn k۷ R.m.s. voltage for partial discharge extinction @ 10 pC > 2 kV Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs kV Accuracy - Dynamic performance data Accuracy³⁾ @ I_{PN} $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ ± 0.25 % Χ **e**, Linearity < 0.15 % Typ | Max Offset current @ $T_{\Lambda} = 25^{\circ}C$ ± 0.15 mΑ l Residual current @ $I_p = 0$, after an overload of 5 x I_{PN} $\pm 0.10 \pm 0.15$ mΑ OM Thermal drift of I 0°C .. + 70°C $\pm 0.10 \pm 0.30$ mΑ I_{OT} - 25°C .. + 85°C ± 0.10 ± 0.40 mΑ Reaction time @ 10 % of \mathbf{I}_{PN} < 200 ns Response time 4) @ 90 % of Ipn < 500 ns di/dt di/dt accurately followed > 200 A/µs Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB) DC .. 200 kHz **General data** T_A Ambient operating temperature - 25 .. + 85 °C - 40 .. + 90 °C Ambient storage temperature Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A = 70^{\circ}C$ 135 Ω @ $T_{\Delta} = 85^{\circ}C$ 142 Ω Insulating material group 22 m Mass g Standards 5) EN 50178

 $I_{PN} = 50 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- · Printed circuit board mounting
- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- W. I. (
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

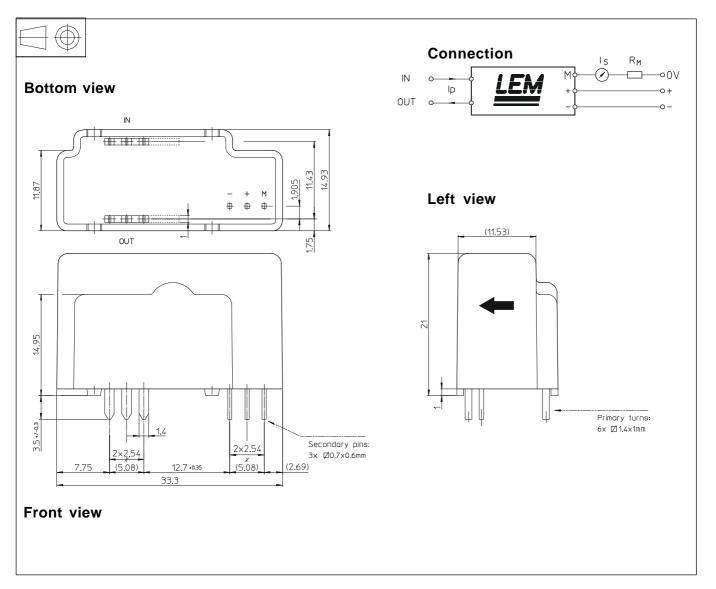
Notes : 1) For 10 s, with $R_{_{M}} \le 71~\Omega$ ($V_{_{C}}$ = $\pm~15~\text{V}$)

- ²⁾ 50 Hz Sinusoidal
- 3) Without I_O & I_{OM}
- 4) With a di/dt of 100 A/µs
- ⁵⁾ A list of corresponding tests is available.

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Dimensions LAH 50-P (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Number	Primary	current	Nominal	Turns	Primary	Primary insertion
of primary	nominal	maximum	output current	ratio	resistance	inductance
turns	I _{PN} [A]	I _P [A]	I _{SN} [mA]	K _N	$\mathbf{R}_{P} \; [m\Omega]$	L _P [μΗ]
1	50	110	25	1 : 2000	0.12	0.008

Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Fastening & connection of primary Recommended PCB hole
- Fastening & connection of secondary Recommended PCB hole
- ± 0.2 mm
- 6 pins 1.4 x 1 mm
- 2 mm
- 3 pins 0.7 x 0.6 mm 1.2 mm

Remarks

- \bullet $\, {\rm I}_{_{\rm S}}$ is positive when $\, {\rm I}_{_{\rm P}}$ flows from terminals "IN" to terminals "OUT".
- The jumper temperature and PCB should not exceed 100°C.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.